

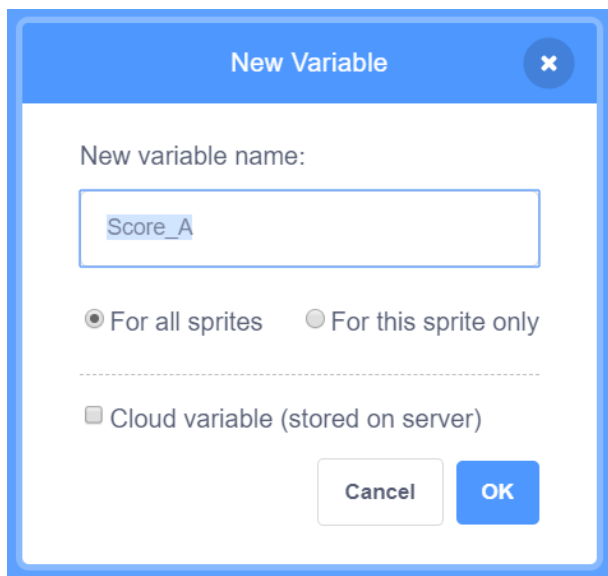
L1U8.3

Unplugged Activity: Variables

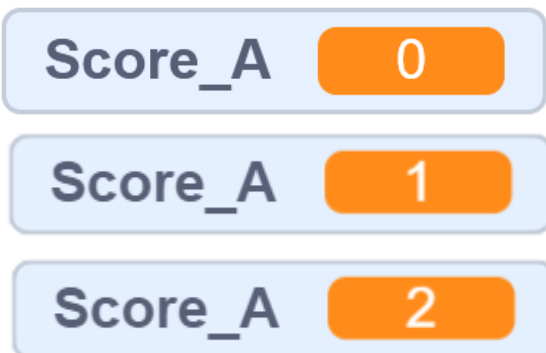
What are variables?

Variables are used to store values. Variables have the following properties.

❖ **Variables have names.**

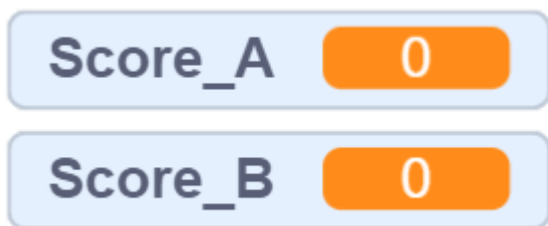


❖ **A variable can only store one value at a time.**

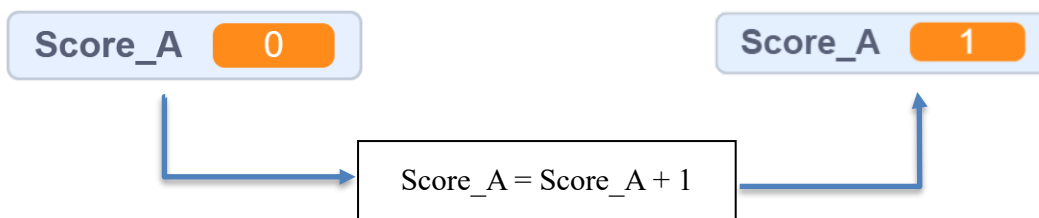


❖ The variable should have an initial value.

When the game starts, the value of Score_A, and Score_B are reset to 0.



❖ The value of the variable can be updated.



❖ The value of the variable can be a string, or a number.

Score_A = 3

Score_B = 1

Winner = "A"



Who will be involved?

Two students will play a game and one student helps them keep track of the game using variables (**Score_A**, **Score_B**, and **Winner**).

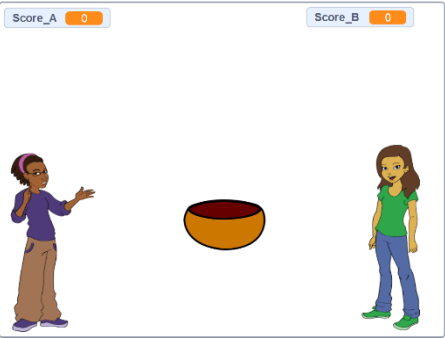
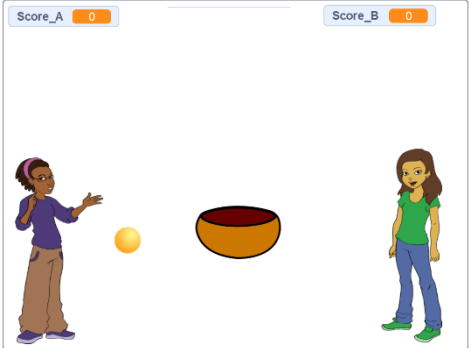
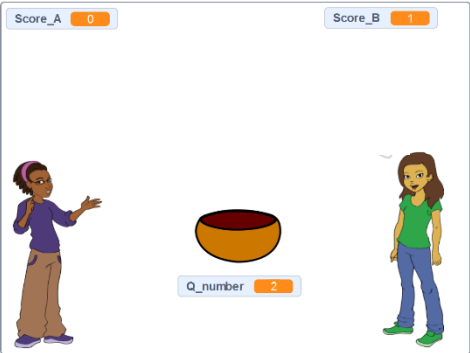
What do we need?

- Set of 6 question cards with answers on the back.
- Set of index cards to use for variable values.
- Whiteboard for writing down current variable values.

Score_A	Score_B	Winner
0	0	

Using by	Tools
Student A	<p>Student A & B will take turns in the game below:</p> <p>Student A picks a number card from the Question box, then goes to the table to pick the card on the table based on the number they drew from the Question box.</p>
Student B	<p>Student A speaks out the question printed on the card loudly and Student B needs to give the answer. Student A will tell Student C if Student B's answer is correct.</p> <p>The process is reversed on the next round. Student B picks the card, asks the question, and Student A answers.</p>
Judge	<p><u>Correct answer</u></p> <p>If Student A answers a question correctly, add 1 to the existing variable "Score_A" and add 1 to the existing score of "Score_B" if Student B answers a question correctly on their turn.</p> <p><u>Incorrect answer</u></p> <p>If Student A answers the question incorrectly, subtract 1 from his/her existing score (Score_A), unless the score is 0. Score_A should never become negative. If Student B answers their question incorrectly, subtract 1 from his/her existing score (Score_B), except if their score currently is 0.</p> <p>Once the game finishes, the letter for the student with the higher score will be written under the Winner label on the whiteboard.</p>

How does it run? <https://scratch.mit.edu/projects/363328697/>

	Score_A	Score_B
<p>At the beginning of the game, the two scores are reset to zero.</p> 	0	0
<p>Student takes a turn to ask a question. The other student will need to answer the question. Student A asks the first question. Correct answer will score 1 point.</p> 	0	<p>If Student B answers correctly, judge will update Score_B = Score_B + 1.</p> <p>If Student B answer incorrectly, judge will update Score_B = Score_B - 1. Or remain 0 if already 0.</p>
<p>After answering the question, Student B will ask a question and Student A needs to answer the question. The score calculation will be the same. The game ends until there are no more questions.</p> 	<p>If Student A answers correctly, judge will update Score_A = Score_A + 1.</p> <p>If Student A answer incorrectly, judge will update Score_A = Score_A - 1. Or remain 0 if already 0.</p>	1

Procedure

- (1) Judge: (a) Write down three labels, **Score_A**, **Score_B** and **Winner**, on the whiteboard; (b) Give an initial value of zero (0) to **Score_A** and **Score_B**, and remove anything written under the **Winner** label; (c) put 6 question cards on the table.

Score_A	Score_B	Winner
0	0	

Question 1	Question 2	Question 3
Question 4	Question 5	Question 6

- (2) Student A: Randomly picks a card from the table and speaks out the question loudly to Student B.
- (3) Student B: Answers the question asked by Student A.
- (4) Student A: Acknowledges to the Judge if Student B's answer is correct.
- (5) Judge: If Student B's answer is correct, calculate the new **Score_B** by adding 1, erase the number written under the **score_B** label, and write the new number under the **Score_B** label on the whiteboard. If the answer is incorrect, and if **Score_B** is greater than zero, the Judge calculates the new **Score_B** by subtracting 1, erasing and marking the new **Score_B** under the **Score_B** label on the whiteboard.
- (6) Student B: Randomly picks a **Question** card from the table and speaks out the question loudly to Student A.
- (7) Student A: Answers the question asked by Student B.
- (8) Student B: Acknowledges to the Judge if Student A's answer is correct.
- (9) Judge: If Student A's answer is correct, adds 1 point to **Score_A**. If the answer is incorrect, and if **Score_A** is greater than zero, the Judge subtracts 1 from **Score_A**.

Repeat steps (2) to (9) to continue the game until no more cards can be drawn from **Questions** on the table.

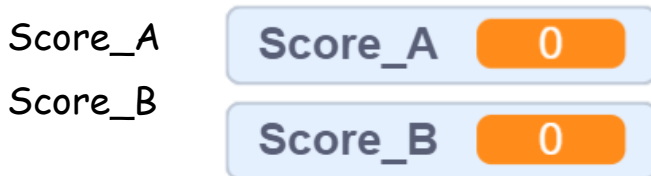
If Student A has the higher score, then the Judge write "A" under the **Winner** label on the whiteboard. The Judge then announces, "Student A is the winner and they have a score of [Score_A]."

If Student B has the higher score, then the Judge write "B" under the **Winner** label on the whiteboard. The Judge then announces, "Student B is the winner and they have a score of [Score_B].

If the scores are the same, the Judge write "None" under the **Winner** label on the whiteboard and announces, "The game is a tie".

Summary of What We Learned

- ❖ **Variables have names.**

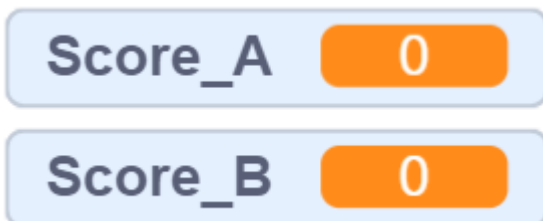


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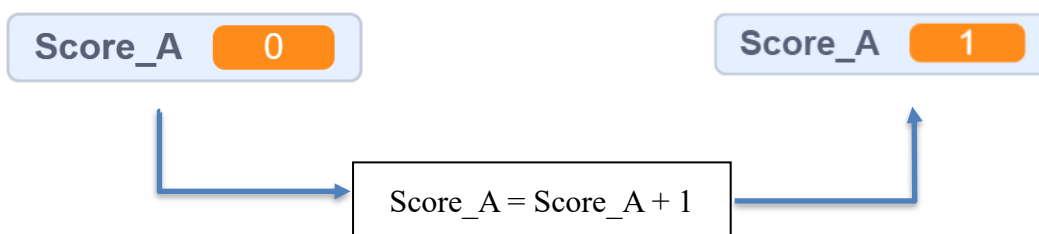
Score_A = 1

- ❖ **The variable should have an initial value.**

When the game starts, the value of Score_A, and Score_B are reset to 0.



- ❖ **The value of the variable can be updated.**



- ❖ **The value of the variable can be a string, or a number.**

Score_A = 3

Score_B = 1

Winner = "A"

